Congratulations on your 60 day membership to our Roadside Assistance.

When out on the road, you will know that you are covered and protected by an organization that cares about the safety of you and your family. Our customer service representatives respond quickly to provide you the best service and protection available anywhere.

**24-Hour Emergency Roadside Assistance Benefits**
Customers are covered for emergency road service throughout the U.S. and Canada.

**24-Hour Towing Service**
Customers are entitled to emergency towing service at no out-of-pocket cost for any tow up to 75 dollars. One service per seven days, two services per contract. Extended distance will be an additional expense covered by the customer.

**24-Hour Mechanical First Aid**
Customers are entitled to any service requiring minor adjustments (exclusive of parts) to enable a disabled vehicle to proceed under its own power, where available.

**24-Hour Tire Change Service**
Customers may have their tire changed with their inflated and functional spare tire.
24-Hour Emergency Delivery
A service truck will deliver emergency supplies of gasoline, water, oil or other necessary supplies. Customers pay only for the cost of the supplies.

24-Hour Emergency Battery Service
Customers are covered for battery boosts and minor adjustments to alternators, starters, etc. while on the road.

24-Hour Lost Key Service
If keys are locked inside a customer’s vehicle, the customer will be assisted in gaining entry to the vehicle's passenger compartment only. Locksmith services may be dispatched as needed at the customer’s expense for labor and key making.

Rental Car Discounts
Customers are entitled to take advantage of our rental car discount codes and pre-negotiated group rates, which are honored at thousands of locations throughout the U.S. and abroad.

Map Routing Service
We will, at no charge, provide customers with a four-color mapping and travel route information to destinations they specify.

Theft And Hit & Run Protection
A $500 reward is offered for information leading to the arrest and conviction of anyone responsible for Hit & Run damages or stealing customers’ vehicles. Whenever you travel, you will like the secure and confident feeling of knowing that you are protected by NSD's Roadside Assistance. Fast response and excellent service are just two reasons why millions of motorists rely on NSD's Roadside Assistance for on-the-road protection.
Follow the link in your confirmation email to start redeeming your $25 Gas Coupon.

*PLEASE SAVE ALL THE INFORMATION FOR YOUR RECORDS. You will use your log in information throughout the course of your complimentary gas membership.
# Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Starting the Journey</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Getting Your First Nevada License</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Renewing Your License</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Updating Your License Information</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Replacing Your License</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reinstating Your License</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Getting a Nevada ID Card</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vehicle Safety Tips</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Official Forms</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DMV Hours and Locations</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Welcome to driving in Nevada! Obtaining your license is one of the most gratifying moments in life. Our purpose is to guide you to that moment with as little stress or as few complications as possible.

Getting your driver’s license in Nevada is a smooth process that only requires you prepare a bit before embarking on the adventure. That is where we come in, we are here to help you understand exactly what it is you need and how to prepare it.

The process of getting your driver’s license is one that should take a small amount of your time. In fact, this guide is organized specifically to ensure that you are able to get through things as quickly as possible. Packed with information, this guide covers every aspect of licenses, from obtaining your learner’s permit, driver’s license, or ID card to renewing, replacing, or surrendering these items. We will make getting ready to drive on the friendly Nevada roadways fast and easy. So, enjoy the ride as we make your life a little less complicated.
All Drivers

As a driver in Nevada, you must remember that the roads are not always safe. Therefore, it is in your best interest to fully prepare for whatever may come your way before you begin driving. As you start driving, you not only take on the responsibility of your own safety, but also the safety of your passengers and those in the vehicles around you. In order to best prepare yourself to take on that responsibility, it is wise to follow the established procedure to get your driver’s license.

The Nevada DMV must make sure you meet certain safety standards before allowing you to drive. A few tests are required in order to get your license to drive. Some tests may be taken several times if not passed on the first try, while others, such as the vision test, may require professional assistance if not passed.

Vision Exam

To drive safely, you must meet certain vision standards. For this reason, the DMV asks that you to have your vision screened before issuing a driver’s license.

In Nevada, a minimum of 20/40 vision in each of your eyes is required to pass the vision screening. If you wear corrective lenses, you are required to wear them for the test also, but your license will have a type “A” restriction, which will limit you to driving with your lenses on.

If you do not pass your vision exam, you must visit an eye care specialist that will conduct further testing to determine if your vision can be corrected to Nevada DMV standards. If at any point you undergo corrective eye surgery and no longer need to wear lenses, you would have to retake the vision test to have the restriction removed from your license.
**Knowledge Exam**

Before getting a driver’s permit or license, you will have to take a knowledge exam. This exam contains questions based off the *Nevada Driver’s Handbook*. Most DMV locations administer the knowledge exam and there is no need to make an appointment. The exam is now taken on touch-screen computers. Audio-based tests are also available for those who cannot take the test electronically.

The test consists of 50 multiple-choice questions on road signs, traffic laws and the rules of the road. You need to answer at least 80 percent of the exam, roughly 40 questions, correctly to receive a passing score.

In the event you fail the knowledge test, you can retake it, but a 30-day waiting period may be imposed, depending on the number of times you have been presented the test. There is also an $11 retesting fee.

**Fees:** The fee for the knowledge test is $26. This fee also includes the skills test taken once the knowledge test has been passed.

**Driving Test**

A driving test is required by the DMV in order to determine your driving skills level. The first part of the exam, which includes a safety check, will show the examiner that you have an acceptable level of knowledge regarding your vehicle. When you take your driving test, you are required to provide a vehicle that is both insured and passes the safety requirements.

On the day of the test, make sure to bring valid identification documents such as a certified birth certificate, valid U.S. passport or Social Security Card. Other valid documents you may bring are listed [here](https://www.drivers-licenses.org).

If you are under 18 years of age, your parent or legal guardian must accompany you to the DMV and sign the Financial Responsibility Statement on the license application and a *Minor Affidavit & Information Sheet*. Likewise, a Drivers Education Certificate of Completion provided by your school and a completed *Beginning Driver Experience Log* must be turned in to be eligible for a driving test.

During the road test, you will be driving with an instructor sitting beside you. The instructor will ask you to perform specific maneuvers to test your abilities, such as:

- Preparing to drive.
- Controlling the vehicle.
- Entering traffic.
- Using lanes properly.
- Controlling speed.
- Turning.
- Parallel parking.
- Backing up.
- Stopping.
- Passing.
Be careful not to break any laws, perform dangerous maneuvers or do anything that could contribute to an accident on the road. Follow the directions given by the instructor at all times. Failure to do this may cause you to fail the test.

If you happen to fail the test, the instructor will explain how to retake it, but a 30 day waiting period may be imposed.

All drivers are required to schedule an appointment before taking the road test. You can make your appointment in person at a DMV office, online or by phone, calling the number for your area:

- **Las Vegas area** (702) 486-4368
- **Reno/Sparks/Carson City** (775) 684-4368
- **Elsewhere in Nevada** (877) 368-7828

**Teen Drivers**

If you are a teenager, chances are you’re dreaming about your freedom to drive and obtaining your license. In each step moving towards obtaining your license, this guide will outline and help you to better understand each procedure you must complete.

As a new driver, it is important that you carefully read through each step and fully understand how the Nevada DMV operates. This is to ensure that you avoid any complications and that you are well prepared to take on the responsibilities driving on the road.

**Step 1: Driver’s Education**

There are many ways in which you can learn how to drive in Nevada. You can take a Driver’s Education course as soon as you turn 15 years old. Driver’s education courses are offered at Nevada high schools and colleges, as well as through **private parties** approved by the DMV. To obtain your driver’s license, you have to meet one of the following three requirements:

- Take a classroom course and practice 50 hours behind the wheel.
- Take an online course and practice 50 hours behind the wheel.
- Practice 100 hours behind the wheel. This option is only available if there are no classroom courses available to you within a 30 mile radius and you do not want to take an online course.

When you successfully complete your driver’s education course, you will receive a completion certificate that you must present when obtaining your driver’s license. Before you start practicing outside of a driving course, you need an instruction or learner’s permit. While you do not have to be enrolled in driver’s education to apply for your permit, it is wise to enroll in a course as soon as you meet the initial requirements.
**Step 2: Instruction permit**

You can get your instruction permit once you are 15 ½ years old. To apply for your permit, go to a DMV office near you with your parent or guardian. You will be required to provide a valid proof of identity, such as a birth certificate or a valid U.S. passport. [Click here](https://www.drivers-licenses.org) for a complete list of approved documents.

At the DMV, you and your parent or guardian will also be required to complete the [Driver’s License or Identification Card Application](https://www.drivers-licenses.org) form and the [Minor Affidavit and Information Sheet](https://www.drivers-licenses.org).

---

**Fees:**

Once documents are presented, you will be asked to take a vision and knowledge tests, which you must pay beforehand. Fee for the knowledge and skills test are $26. The learner’s permit fee is $23.25.

---

Once you have passed the exams, you will be issued a temporary document that will allow you to drive while you wait for your learner permit to arrive in the mail. Your permit should arrive within 10 business days. If it does not arrive within 10 days, contact the DMV for information.

**Restrictions**

With your permit, you can drive for the purposes of learning and practicing. So, there are a few restrictions that you must comply with during the time you hold your permit.

With a learner’s permit, you may only drive when accompanied by a front-seat passenger who is at least 21 years old and has held a driver’s license for at least one year.

With your permit, you will be required to practice driving for 50 hours, ten of which must take place at night. The person supervising your practice must sign your [Beginning Driver Experience Log](https://www.drivers-licenses.org) each time you practice driving. The Nevada DMV also offers the [RoadReady app](https://www.drivers-licenses.org) as an alternative for logging supervised driving hours.

If there are no driver’s education classroom courses within a 30 mile radius of your home, you can complete 100 hours of supervised driving to get your license, 10 of which must be completed at night.

**Step 3: Driver License**

Once you have completed your supervised driving requirement, you will be ready to apply for a full driver’s license. To be eligible you must:

- Be 16 years of age or older.
- Have held your instruction permit for a minimum of six months.
- Have no convictions or accidents on your record.
If you meet the eligibility requirements, you may schedule your driving skills test online or over the phone. After passing the driving skills test, you may return to the DMV to get your driver's license. Fees for your driver's license will be $23.25. Once fees are paid, you will receive a temporary document certifying that you have passed all the requirements for a driver's license. Your license should arrive within 10 business days of applying. If your license has not arrived within that amount of time, contact your local DMV for more information.

**Restrictions**

During the first six months you hold your license you cannot transport people under 18 years of age, unless they are members of your immediate family.

If you are under 18 years old, you may not drive between 10 p.m. and 5 a.m. unless you are traveling to or from work or a school sponsored event. You must also obey local curfews, which vary depending on the region.
Getting Your First Nevada License

If you have never held a license in the U.S. or if you are a new Nevada resident, you will find all the information you need to obtain your license below. Follow the steps that best apply to your situation.

Adult Drivers: Never Had a Driver License

Getting a license as a first-time driver is a very simple process in the state of Nevada. If you are 18 or older, have never had a license and are now looking to obtaining one, follow the steps below to get your driver’s license.

You will be required to pass the vision, knowledge and driving skills tests before obtaining your driver’s license. There is no need to attend a state approved driver’s education course, though it is recommended. However, you will need to hold an instruction permit before taking the driving skills test.

Documents: When applying for your instruction permit, you will need to provide the following documents:

- Completed Driver’s License or Identification
- Card Application
- ONE proof of identity, such as a birth certificate issued by the state or your Social Security card.

Click here for a complete list of approved documents to provide proof of identity.

Before receiving your learner’s permit, you will be required to pass the vision and knowledge exams. An examination fee of $26 must be paid before exams are taken. The fee for the permit is $23.25.

If you pass both the vision screening and the knowledge exam, you will be issued a temporary document that will allow you to drive while you wait for your learner permit to arrive in the mail. Your permit should arrive within 10 business days. If it does not arrive within that time frame, contact the DMV for information.
When you feel confident enough driving your vehicle, you can schedule your driving skills test at the DMV. While at the DMV, you will need to have your photograph taken. Then, you will get a temporary document certifying that you have passed all the requirements for a driver’s license. Your driver’s license should arrive within 10 business days. If it does not arrive within that time frame, contact the DMV for information.

**Documents: At the DMV, you have to provide:**

- Completed [Driver License Application](#)
- ONE proof of identity, such as your birth certificate or U.S. passport. [Click here](#) for a list of approved documents.
- Your Nevada street address.
- Your instruction permit.
- $23.25 permit completion fee.

**Instruction Permit Restrictions**

With your permit, you are allowed to drive for learning and practicing purposes. Accordingly, there are a few restrictions that you must comply with during the time you hold it.

You will only be allowed to drive when accompanied by a licensed driver who is 21 or older and has held a license for a minimum of one year. This driver must be seated beside you in the car when you are driving.

**Adult Drivers: New Resident**

As a new resident, getting your Nevada driver’s license is a top priority. With a limited amount of time to declare your residency to the DMV, applying for your license should be done as soon as possible.

**Dates:**

If you already hold a license from another state and have become a new resident of Nevada, you must obtain a Nevada license within 30 days of establishing residency.
To transfer your license to Nevada you will have to go to a DMV office in person. You will be required to provide:

- **ONE proof of identification**, such as a state issued birth certificate or a valid U.S. passport.
- Proof of Social Security, such as your Social Security card.
- Your out-of-state driver's license.
- Your Nevada street address.

A list of additional documents to proof your identity and SSN can be found [here](#).

After completing the requirements, you will get a temporary document certifying that you have passed all the requirements for a driver’s license. Your new Nevada license should arrive within 10 business days. If it does not arrive within that time frame, contact the DMV for more information.

**Tip:**
If you are an Honorably-discharged veteran of the U.S. Military, you can get a Veteran designation on your license by presenting your DD-214 form at the DMV. If you do not have this form, you can request a copy [here](#).
Renewing Your License

Renewing your license is important, as forgetting to do so might mean losing your right to drive legally.

This leads to a loss of independence or the risk of committing a serious traffic violation. For that reason, it is best to renew your license as soon as you notice the expiration date approaching.

Before you renew your license, it is best that you thoroughly comprehend the process in order to prevent any errors or issues that may occur. Nevada driver’s licenses are typically valid for four to eight years. Shorter-term licenses may be issued under certain circumstances. The expiration date of your license is printed on the document. You can renew your driver’s license at any time before the expiration date.

Dates:

You can renew an expired license at no additional cost if it has not been expired for more than 31 days. Otherwise, you would have to pay a $10 late fee in addition to your renewal fees.

You can renew your license in person, online, by mail or at a self-service kiosk. However, not all Nevada residents may be eligible to use any option. To renew your license, review the sections below. Follow instructions for your preferred renewal method of the ones you are eligible to use.
Renewing In Person

To renew your license in person, you must go to a DMV office and surrender your current driver’s license. If you are not a U.S. citizen, you must provide an additional form of identification. After paying the appropriate fees, you will receive a document to prove that you renewed your license. Your renewed license will arrive by mail within 10 days.

Most licenses issued by the state of Nevada are valid for 8 years. Certain licenses, such as those for drivers aged 65 or older, are valid for 4 years. Shorter-term licenses may be issued under certain circumstances.

When renewing at a larger DMV office in Carson City, Las Vegas or Reno, you may schedule an appointment ahead of time to lower your wait time. However, walk-ins are accepted at all locations.

Tip:
Always keep your mailing address current with the DMV. Not doing so can mean not receiving renewal notices and other important information about your driver’s license.

Renewing Online

To renew online, you must have an access code and meet all eligibility requirements. Before your license expires, you will receive a full-page renewal notice in the mail. This renewal notice includes the access code to renew online. However, if you did not receive a notice or if the notice does not have a code, you must renew in-person, by mail or by fax. It is also important to keep in mind that late renewals are not accepted online.

To begin your online renewal, click here to access system. The online system will ask you to enter your driver’s license number, date of birth, Social Security Number and your email address. Before the process can be completed, you will be asked to pay the renewal fee with an e-check or a debit card. A notification on your screen will tell you when the transaction has been successfully completed. Your license will arrive in the mail within 10 days.

Renewing By Mail

In most situations, renewing by mail requires receiving a full-page renewal notice. Members of the armed forces, their spouses and dependents, and certain federal employees may renew by mail without a renewal notice. If these exceptions do not apply to you and you did not get your renewal notice, call (775) 684-4560 or (877) 368-7828, toll free.

When renewing by mail, the DMV may ask you to provide a Payment Authorization Slip for fee payment. Mailed renewals are honored based on the postmarked date. If you send your renewal before the 30 day grace period after a license expiration date is over, you will not be assessed late fees, even if the renewal arrives after that period is over. Renewals mailed in late will be charged a late fee.

Renewal Fees:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>License Type</th>
<th>Fee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Eight year renewal</td>
<td>$42.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Four year renewal</td>
<td>$23.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65 and older renewal</td>
<td>$18.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Late renewal fee</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Updating Your License Information

If you are experiencing major life changes, chances are your personal information is changing. Personal information is essential to identification documents, which includes your driver’s license. If you are changing your legal name or moving to a new location in the state, it is important to update your license information with the DMV.

For either a name or address change, there are several steps you must take to inform the Nevada DMV. To better understand the process and steps you have to take, follow the steps that best fit your situation below.

**Changing Your Name**

Major life events such as a marriage or divorce usually lead to a name change. If you have legally changed your name, it is important to update your name on your driver’s license and other DMV documents. To change your name on your Nevada driver’s license, you must:

- Change your name with the Social Security Administration in person.
- Go to a DMV office.
- Surrender your current driver’s license.
- Provide proof of your name change, such as an original or certified copy of your marriage certificate, divorce decree or court order.
- Pay a fee of $8.25.
In order to change your name with the DMV, you must have already changed your legal name with the Social Security Administration. Waiting a few days after changing your name at a Social Security office before visiting the DMV is recommended. The DMV will verify your information with the SSA electronically, so it is best to wait a few days for your records to be updated.

After changing your name on your license, the DMV will issue you a document that authorizes you to drive while you wait for your updated license. It should arrive by mail within 10 days.

**Upgrading to a Real ID License**

When you are getting a new license due to a name change, you have the option of upgrading to a Real ID. Real IDs will be required to board a domestic flight or to enter military bases and most federal facilities beginning in October 2020.

It is easy to get a Real ID upgrade when changing your name at the DMV, since you will already have most of the necessary documents with you. For a Real ID, you must bring the following documents:

- Proof of Identity
- Proof of all name changes
- Proof of Social Security number
- Two proofs of Nevada address
- A completed [Application for Driving Privileges or ID Card](#)

For a list of qualifying documents, [click here](#).
Changing Your Address

If you have recently moved to a new location in Nevada, it is important that you update the address on your driver license. If you change your address, you must notify the DMV within the following 30 days, even if you are leaving the state permanently. In Nevada you may change your address online, by mail or in person.

Change your Address Online

Changing your address online is simple, but you must have a MyDMV account. To set up your account visit the MyDMV Portal and select the "Get an Account" option. Complete an online profile with your name, date of birth, Social Security information, and driver license information. Make sure you have your driver license at hand, since you will be asked to enter the issue date printed on it. Finally, use the Change of Address option to update your information.

When you change your address online, the DMV will send you a new license in the mail. If you have already received a Real ID, you will receive a replacement Real ID instead of a standard license. To apply for a Real ID, you must visit the DMV in person.

Changing your Address in Person

To update the address on your license, you can also visit any DMV office. You will need to fill out a Change of Address Notification form, which you may print out and fill out before arriving at the DMV. Applying for a license address change in person gives you the opportunity to upgrade to a Nevada Real ID if you have not already done so.

When your address change has been completed, you will receive a temporary document to use in place of your license or Real ID. Your updated driver's license should arrive in the mail within 10 business days of submitting your application.

Changing your Address by Mail or Fax

If you are not able to change your address online or in person, you can also change your address by mail or fax.

To update your address by mail, send a Change of Address Notification form to:

Nevada Department of Motor Vehicles 555 Wright Way Carson City, NV 89711

If you prefer to send your request via fax, send your documents to 775-684-4829.

For the request to be processed, you must include a Payment Authorization form for fees. Your updated license should arrive by mail within ten business days of your application being received.

Fees

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Change of Address Fee</th>
<th>$4.25</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Real ID Upgrade Fee</td>
<td>$9.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tip:

If you need to update your address on a handicapped placard, you must complete a change of address in person, by mail or by fax.
Replacing Your License

Sometimes, it is difficult to avoid a situation where replacing your license is necessary. Whether you have lost your license, had it stolen or damaged it beyond use, you can apply for replacement with the Nevada DMV. Requesting a duplicate license is a simple process, which may be done in person and online. In certain circumstances, you may be able to apply for a duplicate by mail.

Replacing Online

Requesting a duplicate license is done most conveniently online. However, there are certain requirements you must meet in order to apply for a duplicate license online. The requirements are as follows:

- Your license is not currently suspended or revoked.
- You address has not changed since the last license was issued.
- Your license is not expiring within the following 60 days.

To access the online system, click here. If you do not have a MyDMV account, you will have to create one by clicking on the “get an account” option. The date your license was issued is required to create an online account with the Nevada DMV. You will also be asked to enter your date of birth, Social Security Number and your email address. To complete the transaction, you must pay the license replacement fee of $18.25 with an e-check or a debit card.

After the process is complete, you will get a notification on screen and your duplicate license will be mailed to you. Your replacement license should arrive within 10 business days.

Replacing In Person

While applying online may be the most convenient option, replacing your license in person is the best way to ensure you can apply for a duplicate. To apply for a replacement license, you must make an appointment at a larger DMV office location. Once your request has been processed, you will be issued a document that you can use to drive while you wait for your license to arrive in the mail. Your duplicate license should arrive within 10 business days of your request.
Replacing By Mail

Under most circumstances, Nevada residents may only apply for a duplicate license online or in person. However, Nevada residents who are out-of-state may submit an Application for Nevada Driver's License by Mail. This form must be mailed to:

Nevada Department of Motor Vehicles
555 Wright Way
Carson City, NV 89711

Duplicate licenses that are ordered by mail may not include your photo. In cases such as these, you must visit a DMV office within 24 days of returning to Nevada to obtain a new license copy with a photo.

Fees

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Fee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Duplicate license or Real ID</td>
<td>$18.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tip:
To set up a MyDMV account, you will need to have the issue date on your last license. You will not be able to create an account without it.
Reinstating Your License

In certain cases, your license may be suspended or revoked entirely.

However, it is possible to get your license reinstated. In order to qualify for a license reinstatement, you will have to meet all the reinstatement requirements listed for the type of offense committed. The DMV will only reinstate your driver’s license if you complete all of the necessary requirements, including those set by an active court case.

There are many reasons you might have a suspended driver’s license. Therefore, the way in which you are able to reinstate your driver’s license depends on your particular the situation. If your license was suspended or revoked due to an active court case, you must have the charges settled before following the DMV’s reinstatement procedures.

Suspensions and revocations sometimes come with specific time limits, outlined in the notice sent when the suspension or revocation began. Before applying for a reinstatement, you must wait until the suspension or revocation period is over. The DMV will not notify you when this period is over. If you have multiple suspension or revocation periods, you must wait until all periods are over before applying for a reinstatement of driving privileges.
If you need any information or clarification regarding your suspended or revoked license and what conditions need to be met, contact the DMV during regular business hours at:

- Las Vegas (702) 486-4368 option 6
- Reno/Carson City (775) 684-4368 option 6
- Rural Nevada (Toll Free) (877) 368-7828 option 6

You may also contact the DMV via email by [clicking here](#).

If your license gets suspended or revoked, you will receive a notice in the mail stating the terms of the revocation or suspension and the requirements to reinstate. Your notice should also outline whether you are entitled to an administrative hearing. To file an appeal, you must go to a hearings office and provide your license number and DMV file number.

If you prefer, you can request information by mail. Include your name, driver license number or Social Security Number and send it to:

DMV Driver License Assessment
555 Wright Way
Carson City, NV 89711-0400
Driving Under The Influence (DUI)

Driving under the influence of alcohol and drugs is dangerous and illegal. If you are found driving under the influence, severe penalties and costly fines will be imposed. To determine if you are driving while drunk, the police use a breath test that measures your Blood Alcohol Content (BAC) level. In the state of Nevada, the legal limit for a driver’s BAC is 0.08 percent. A BAC of at least 0.08 percent or any noticeable amount of a controlled substance will result in DUI charges.

Typically, the amount of time you need to wait before being able to drive again is defined by the number of times you have been convicted of a DUI by a judge. The DMV will revoke your license for a minimum of 90 days. Other penalties may include:

- Jail time or community service.
- Mandatory DUI School or DUI Treatment.
- Installation of an Ignition Interlock Device.

If you have been charged with a DUI, you will need to have an ignition interlock device installed on your car before driving again. As of October 1, 2018, all those charged with a DUI must have an interlock device certified by the Nevada Committee on Testing for Intoxication installed on their car in order to receive a restricted driver’s license.

When reinstating your license after a DUI, charges will include an additional $121 reinstatement fee, a $35 Victims Compensation Civil Penalty and a $42.25 driver’s license fee. After a DUI, your insurance rates are likely to go up. You may be required to carry SR-22 Certificate of Liability Insurance and hold it for three consecutive years. Any lapse in SR-22 coverage will render your license suspended. To reinstate your license, you will be required to take the vision, knowledge and skills tests again.

Tip:
If you know you will be drinking, make sure you have a designated driver that stays sober to drive you home. Never drive a vehicle after drinking. If you are under 21 years old, you must not be drinking at all.
Getting a Nevada ID Card

If you are not able to or not interested in obtaining a driver’s license, you may want to consider getting an ID card instead. An ID card is essential because it is the easiest form of government-issued identification to carry and present. An official ID may be a required document for any situation where a picture ID is needed to verify your identity, especially if you do not have a driver license.

In Nevada, you can only apply for an identification card in person at a DMV office. When you apply, you must provide:

- Proof of identity and Social Security number.
- Proof of your Nevada address.
- Completed Driver License Application.

For a list of required and eligible documents, click here.

At the DMV, you will have your picture taken. When the transaction is complete, you will receive a temporary document that you can use to identify yourself while your ID card arrives in the mail. You should be expecting your ID to arrive within 10 business days from the date of your application.

Most ID cards are valid for eight years, though some are issued in 4 year and 1 year periods under certain circumstances. To renew, replace or update your ID card, you must follow the same procedure as the one described for driver’s licenses.

Fees:
The fees for ID cards vary based on your age at the moment of the application:

From 10 to 17 years old

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Fee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Original</td>
<td>$10.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 year renewal or duplicate</td>
<td>$10.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 year renewal or duplicate</td>
<td>$7.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

From 18 to 64 years old

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Fee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Original</td>
<td>$22.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 year renewal or duplicate</td>
<td>$22.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 year renewal or duplicate</td>
<td>$13.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

65 years of age or older

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Fee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8 year original or duplicate</td>
<td>$12.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 year original or duplicate</td>
<td>$8.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Renewal</td>
<td>$4.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Before getting behind the wheel, it is important to make sure that your vehicle is prepared for the trip. This means checking the safety features and making any needed changes to your vehicle to guarantee a safe drive.

**Emergency Kit**

One of the essentials of safe driving is having a basic emergency kit available in your vehicle at all times. This kit should include items such as water, extra batteries, rope, First Aid kit, matches and a whistle. During the winter months, it is also important to carry items such as blankets, non-perishable foods, extra gloves and socks, and a shovel.
Winter Driving

One of the most dangerous times to drive is during the winter, especially if you live in an area that snows or is prone to ice. Consider these tips below to drive safely during the winter.

**Don’t Rush!**

Roads are often covered in snow and ice in the winter. Instead of driving fast and risking an accident as you hurry to get to your destination, try leaving a few minutes earlier than usual. This will allow you to drive slower and avoid other dangerous drivers without being late for your appointment.

**Don’t Panic If You Skid or Slip**

In the event that your vehicle does skid or slip while driving, make sure you do not panic and slam down on your brakes. Instead, apply slow and even pressure on your brakes until you stop. This will prevent you from spinning further out of control.

**Check Your Vehicle**

Before you leave your house make sure your vehicle’s controls, brakes, tank, tires, antifreeze, and exhaust are all in working order. It is also important that you remove any ice and snow from your car before you begin driving; this prevents the snow from blocking your view while you drive, or worse, flying off and hitting someone while in motion!
Drinking And Driving

Every year, thousands are killed as a result of drinking and driving. These events can be prevented; it only requires that you plan ahead of time by taking certain steps.

Before you begin drinking, arrange for someone else to be the designated driver. If they also become intoxicated, it is important that you take a taxi. Never allow someone drunk to drive. Instead, take away their keys and call for alternative transportation.

If you see someone who you suspect is drunk and showing signs of intoxication while driving – such as making wide turns, weaving, swerving, breaking erratically or turning abruptly – call 9-1-1 and contact authorities immediately. Make sure to avoid them on the road to ensure your own safety. This could mean you pulling over until they are at a safe distance from your car.

Using Your Phone

Driving while using your cell phone is one of the most dangerous things you can do. During those few seconds that your attention is diverted to your phone, a major accident could occur. Make sure you don’t text, use the internet on your phone, or receive calls while you drive to prevent accidents as best as possible.

Things To Avoid

Driving isn’t always a relaxing experience. There are certain actions that can be both an annoyance and dangerous to you while driving on the road. These things are often avoidable if you make sure to take the necessary steps towards preventing them, as well as stopping them after you discover them to be occurring.

Car Accidents

One way to avoid car accidents is to ensure that your vehicle is safe to drive and will not cause you any problems. To do this, regularly check that your brakes are functioning properly, your tires are inflated and not worn out, and that the steering and suspensions are checked by a mechanic.


**Wasting Gas**

If you drive often, start looking for ways to save on those expensive trips to the pump. Saving on gas is something that is possible if you take a few steps towards ensuring you save some money in the long run.

Some of the ways that you can start saving gas are by turning off the air conditioning, not leaving your engine running or speeding above 60 mph. These things are preventable and not necessary for you to drive, therefore you can quickly reduce the amount of gas you waste.

Another way to save on gas is to make sure that your vehicle is functioning properly. You can do this by checking that your tires are properly inflated, your engine is well-tuned, and that your octane level is the correct amount to your vehicle’s needs.

**Aggressive Driving**

Aggressive driving and drivers are both things that should be avoided to prevent on-road aggression or accidents. Aggressive driving is categorized as exhibiting behaviors such as aggressive tailgating, verbal or physical harassment towards another driver, or preventing another driver from merging or passing.

If you are an aggressive driver, you are putting others at risk every time you do any of the above behaviors. When you encounter a frustrating situation on the road, instead of becoming aggressive, take a moment, breathe, and continue moving.
Official Forms

- Nevada Application for Driving Privileges or ID Card [Here]
- Minor Affidavit & Information Sheet [Here]
- Beginning Driver Experience Log [Here]
- Change of Address by Mail [Here]
- Payment Authorization [Here]
DMV Hours
and Locations

The DMV has offices and self-service kiosks conveniently located across the state. Click here to learn more about DMV office locations, schedules, and waiting times.

Forgetting documents at home and spending hours in line at the DMV is a thing of the past. Now you can avoid that and save the trip by using MyDMV online services. You will be able to:

- Replace or renew your driver’s license or ID card.
- Schedule your drive test.
- Change the address on your license or ID card.

If you have any questions, you can call the DMV in your area at the following numbers:

- Las Vegas Area: (702) 486-4368 (486-4DMV)
- Reno/Sparks/Carson City: (775) 684-4368 (684-4DMV)
- Rural Nevada: (877) 368-7828 Toll Free
- TDD (For the hearing impaired): (775) 684-4904

Office hours are Monday through Friday, from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.

For general inquiries, you may contact customer service by email using the online contact form.

Correspondence directed to the DMV may be sent to:

Nevada Department of Motor Vehicles
555 Wright Way
Carson City, NV 89711